





January 19, 2012

Dear Friends,

As Floridians continue to confront our state's and the nation's harsh fiscal realities, criminal and juvenile justice has become a central issue. As with all government services, criminal and juvenile justice spending must answer directly to the taxpayers. Public accountability in justice demands getting the best results at the lowest possible price tag—both in terms of cost and public safety impact. This is what we call *Smart Justice*.

A *Smart Justice* approach is centered on the belief that public safety is paramount, and because of the magnitude of this responsibility, there truly is no room for inefficiency. Each and every dollar spent on corrections must come with accountability and performance metrics to ensure less crime, fewer victims, and no wasted tax dollars.

Florida corrections spending has skyrocketed in recent decades, accompanied by a severe rise in incarceration rates. Only in the last few years has this trend begun to reverse, and it is our goal to provide Florida's policymakers with the tools to accelerate Florida's return to lower corrections spending and safer streets for us all.

In December of 2011, the Florida TaxWatch Center for Smart Justice released a comprehensive review of Florida corrections data stretching back to 1995, providing the Florida Legislature with empirical data showing that Florida is spending far more on corrections than similar states, and incarcerating non-violent offenders at a significant cost to taxpayers, among other key findings.

In the interest of providing as much actionable information as possible, we have recently conducted a poll designed to test public sentiment. Due primarily to the sample size and political identification of the testing group, the results are compelling, and worthy of public scrutiny and further discourse.

The poll was conducted by Tel Opinion Research, surveying 800 registered Florida Republicans, self-identified as likely voters, reflecting a highly conservative sampling of Floridians with a propensity to vote in presidential and state primary elections. More than 60% were aged 55 or older, also representative of likely Republican primary voters. As you will find in reviewing the results, there is significant support for reforms in juvenile and criminal justice across a spectrum of issues. Included below are some highlights for your consideration. The entire poll can be seen at the back of the attached document.

The main highlights of our findings:

- More than 80% support changes to the system to utilize supervised work-release programs, mandatory drug testing, and mental health treatment programs for non-violent offenders
- 73% agree that fewer people convicted of non-violent crimes should be sent to prison, and the savings should be redirected to create a stronger probation and parole system
- 83% agree that offenders under the age of 18 should be handled by the juvenile justice system
- 81% support evidence-driven, community-based alternatives to juvenile prisons

The results of this poll are clear: public opinion aligns with the *Smart Justice* agenda. We believe that this data, in addition to the review of Florida's corrections data released in December, can be the foundation upon which sustainable, effective, and efficient public policy changes can be made in this area.

Please do not hesitate to call on any of our groups for any questions that you might have.

Respectfully Submitted,

Dominic M. Calabro

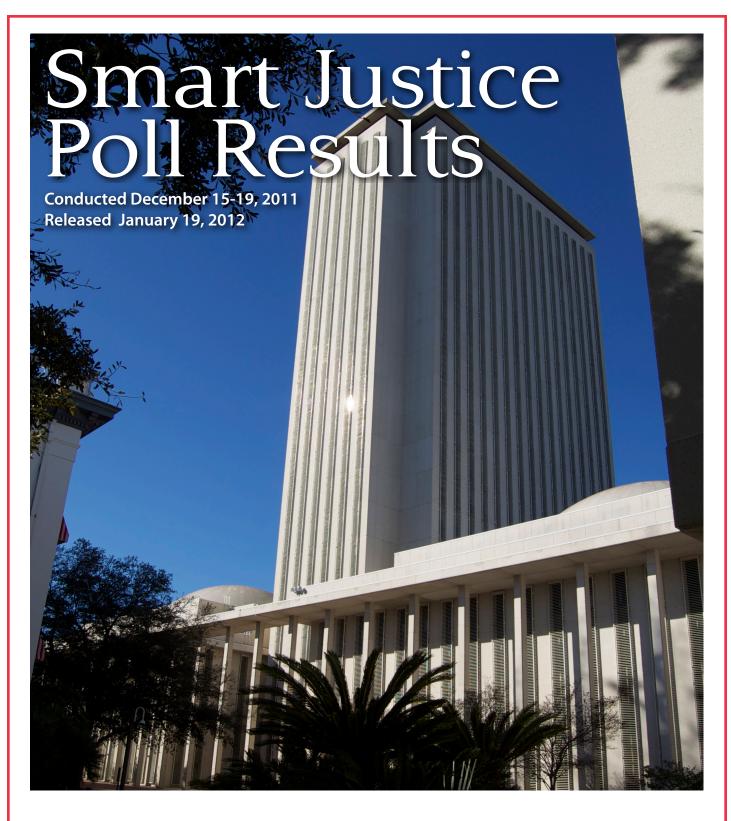
Florida TaxWatch

Tom Feeney

Associated Industries of Florida

Marc Levin

Right on Crime







Purpose for this study

As Floridians continue to confront our state's and the nation's harsh fiscal realities, criminal and juvenile justice has become a central issue. As with all government services, criminal and juvenile justice spending must answer directly to the taxpayers. Public accountability in justice demands getting the best results at the lowest possible price tag—both in terms of cost and public safety impact.

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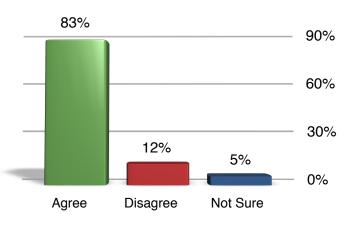
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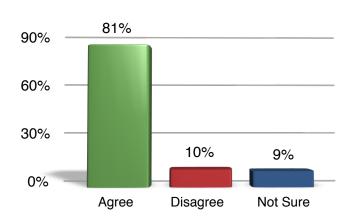
^{*} Findings of the Florida TaxWatch Center for Smart Justice: Review of Criminal Justice Data, December 2011

Major Highlights of the Poll Results

Floridans support juvenile justice reforms

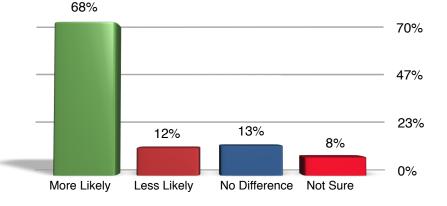
83% agree that offenders under the age of 18 who commit non-violent crimes should be handled by the juvenile justice system and not the adult justice system





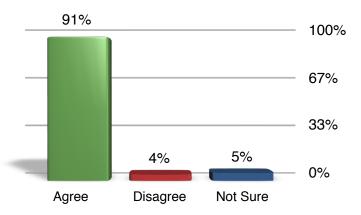
81% support evidence-driven, community based alternatives to juvenile prisons

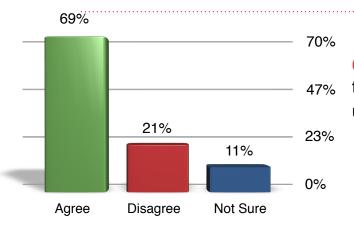
68% are more likely to support alternatives to prison for young, nonviolent offenders when faced with the cost of feeding and housing a youth in prison



Floridians support pre-trial services as an alternative to detention

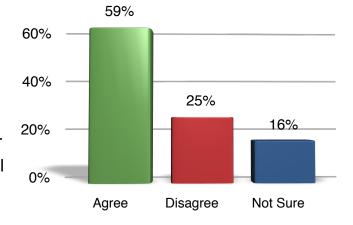
91% agree that risk should be the main factor used in determining pretrial release





69% agree that the defendant's ability to pay should not be the main factor used in determining pretrial release

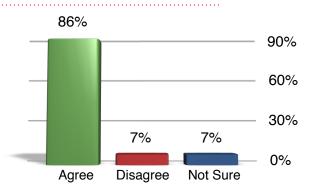
59% are supportive of pretrial services such as using risk assessment, law enforcement and ankle monitoring rather than jail time for defendants awaiting trial

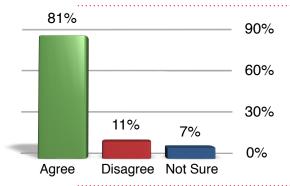


Floridians support the Smart Justice agenda

88% support supervised work release programs for people convicted of low level nonviolent crimes with earnings used to pay back victims and support dependents

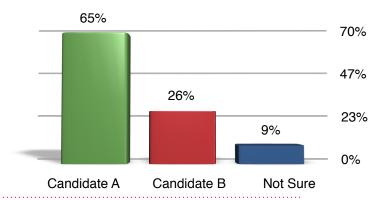
86% agree that a person who is "tough on crime" can also support cost-effective programs such as community supervision, mandatory drug testing and treatment that save taxpayer dollars and reduce future crime





81% are more likely to vote for a candidate who believes that people convicted of minor, non-violent crimes should be put into programs like supervised work release to repay victims and save taxpayers from footing their prison bill

65% would vote for a candidate who believes that "it is time for a balanced, smart approach on crime that is focused on prevention" versus a candidate who believes that "the best way to fight crime is to make sure that criminals face punishment that is swift and certain."



84% support major changes in the system that can send fewer non-violent offenders to prison and instead look to more cost-effective alternatives

72% agree that fewer people convicted of non-violent crimes should be sent to prison and the savings should be directed to creating a stronger probation and parole system

70% support the concept that prisons play an important role in public safety, but also have the unintended consequences of hardening non-violent, low level offenders

60% agree that not every person convicted of a minor violent crime should go to prison

The Full Results

STATE OF FLORIDA JUSTICE SURVEY RESEARCH REPORT TEL OPINION RESEARCH DECEMBER 2011 OVERALL RESULTS

QUESTION 1. HOW LIKELY ARE YOU TO VOTE IN THE 2012 REPUBLICAN PRIMARY ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT? ARE YOU...

		#	용
1.	DEFINITELY VOTING	729	91
2.	PROBABLY VOTING	71	9

TOTAL 800

QUESTION 2. WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING IS THE BIGGEST ISSUE OR PROBLEM FACING FLORIDA TODAY; THE ONE THAT CONCERNS YOU AND YOUR FAMILY THE MOST?

		#	용
1.	LACK OF JOBS	255	32
2.	A SLOW ECONOMY	236	30
3.	HIGH TAXES	65	8
4.	QUALITY OF PUBLIC EDUCATION	93	12
5.	PUBLIC SAFETY	18	2
6.	ILLEGAL IMMIGRATION	112	14
98.	NOT SURE	19	2
99.	REFUSED	2	

TOTAL 800

QUESTION 3. FLORIDA IS FACING A \$3.6 BILLION DEFICIT IN 2012. IF YOU HAD TO CHOOSE FROM THE FOLLOWING SERVICES, WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING WOULD YOU CUT FIRST IN ORDER TO REDUCE THE DEFICIT:

		#	용
1.	PUBLIC EDUCATION	38	5
2.	PRISONS AND CORRECTIONS	145	18
3.	MEDICAID	94	12
4.	STATE EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	359	45
5.	WOULD NOT CUT ANY	75	9
98.	NOT SURE	88	11
99.	REFUSED	1	

QUESTION 4. WHEN YOU THINK ABOUT CRIME IN YOUR AREA OF FLORIDA, WOULD YOU SAY YOU FEEL VERY SAFE, SOMEWHAT SAFE OR NOT SAFE AT ALL ON A DAY-TO-DAY BASIS?

		#	용
1.	VERY SAFE	363	45
2.	SOMEWHAT SAFE	413	52
3.	NOT SAFE AT ALL	21	3
98.	NOT SURE	1	0
99.	REFUSED	1	

TOTAL 800

QUESTION

5. CURRENTLY THE STATE LEGISLATURE IS DEBATING A LAW ENFORCEMENT TOOL KNOWN AS "PRE-TRIAL SERVICES," THAT USE RISK ASSESSMENT, LAW ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL AND ANKLE MONITORING TECHNOLOGY TO SUPERVISE DEFENDANTS WHO ARE AWAITING TRIAL. IF THIS PROGRAM IS ELIMINATED, MOST DEFENDANTS WILL NEED TO OBTAIN BAIL BONDS OR WILL STAY IN JAIL AWAITING TRIAL. DO YOU SUPPORT OR OPPOSE THE USE OF PRE-TRIAL SERVICES?

			#	용
1.	STRONGLY SUPPORT		204	26
2.	SOMEWHAT SUPPORT		262	33
3.	SOMEWHAT OPPOSE		90	11
4.	STRONGLY OPPOSE		108	14
98.	NOT SURE		130	16
99.	REFUSED		6	
		TOTAL	800	
	SUPPORT		466	59 %
	OPPOSE		198	25%
	NET SUPPORT		268	34%
	SUPPORT : OPPOSE		2.4:1	

QUESTION

6. SOME PEOPLE SAY WE SHOULD KEEP PRE-TRIAL SERVICES BECAUSE IT USES SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY TO ASSESS RISK AND SAVE COUNTY TAXPAYERS MORE THAN \$50 MILLION PER YEAR, AND KEEPING A DEFENDANT IN JAIL CAN COST UP TO \$100 A DAY COMPARED TO \$5 A DAY FOR ANKLE MONITORING. OTHERS SAY IT IS BETTER TO KEEP A PERSON IN JAIL BEFORE TRIAL UNLESS THE CAN AFFORD A BAIL BONDSMAN. WHICH OPINION DO YOU SHARE?

		#	용
1.	KEEP PRE-TRIAL SERVICES	440	55
2.	KEEP IN JAIL	238	30
98.	NOT SURE	119	15
99.	REFUSED	3	

QUESTION 7. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE THAT A DEFENDANT'S RISK TO THE PUBLIC SHOULD BE THE MAIN FACTOR IN DETERMINING PRE-TRIAL RELEASE?

			#	용
1.	STRONGLY AGREE		638	80
2.	SOMEWHAT AGREE		86	11
3.	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE		12	1
4.	STRONGLY DISAGREE		22	3
98.	NOT SURE		41	5
		TOTAL	800	
	AGREE		725	91 %
	DISAGREE		34	4 %
	NET AGREE		691	86%
	AGREE : DISAGREE	2	1.4:1	

QUESTION 8. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE THAT A DEFENDANT'S ABILITY TO PAY SHOULD BE THE MAIN FACTOR IN DETERMINING PRE-TRIAL RELEASE?

			#	용
1.	STRONGLY AGREE		98	12
2.	SOMEWHAT AGREE		71	9
3.	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE		181	23
4.	STRONGLY DISAGREE		364	46
98.	NOT SURE		84	11
99.	REFUSED		2	
		TOTAL	800	
	AGREE		169	21 %
	DISAGREE		545	68%
	NET AGREE		-376	-47 %
	AGREE : DISAGREE		1:3.2	

QUESTION 9. ALMOST 3% OF FLORIDA'S ADULT POPULATION IS IN PRISON OR UNDER CRIMINAL CORRECTIONAL CONTROL COSTING STATE TAXPAYERS \$2.4 BILLION ANNUALLY. KNOWING THE STATE IS FACED WITH A \$3.6 BILLION BUDGET SHOPEFALL WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING

\$3.6 BILLION BUDGET SHORTFALL, WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING DO YOU MOST FAVOR:

		#	용
1.	CUTTING THE CORRECTIONAL BUD	199	25
2.	MAINTAINING CURRENT SPENDING	385	48
3.	INCREASING THE CORRECTIONAL	91	11
98.	NOT SURE	121	15
99.	REFUSED	4	

QUESTION 10. INFORMATION ABOUT FLORIDA'S PRISON POPULATION DO YOU AGREE
OR DISAGREE WITH EACH STATEMENT: DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE
DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE WITH THE FLORIDA STATE LAW THAT
REQUIRES A PERSON CONVICTED OF A MINOR NON-VIOLENT CRIME
TO SERVE A MINIMUM OF 85% OF THEIR SENTENCE REGARDLESS OF
THE TYPE OF CRIME COMMITTED?

			#	용
1.	STRONGLY AGREE		196	25
2.	SOMEWHAT AGREE		144	18
3.	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE		167	21
4.	STRONGLY DISAGREE		223	28
98.	NOT SURE		66	8
99.	REFUSED		3	
		TOTAL	800	
	AGREE		340	43%
	DISAGREE		390	49 %
	NET AGREE		-50	-6%
	AGREE : DISAGREE		1:1.1	

QUESTION 11. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE THAT EVERY PERSON CONVICTED OF A MINOR NON-VIOLENT CRIME SHOULD GO TO PRISON FOR THE CRIME THEY COMMITTED?

			#	쓩
1.	STRONGLY AGREE		140	17
2.	SOMEWHAT AGREE		122	15
3.	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE		223	28
4.	STRONGLY DISAGREE		255	32
98.	NOT SURE		61	8
		TOTAL	800	
	AGREE		262	33%
	DISAGREE		478	60%
	NET AGREE		-216	-27 %
	AGREE : DISAGREE		1:1.8	

QUESTION 12. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE THAT FEWER PEOPLE CONVICTED OF A MINOR NON-VIOLENT CRIME SHOULD BE SENT TO PRISON, AND THE SAVINGS SHOULD BE USED TO CREATE A STRONGER PROBATION AND PAROLE PROGRAM?

			#	용
1.	STRONGLY AGREE		321	40
2.	SOMEWHAT AGREE		257	32
3.	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE		55	7
4.	STRONGLY DISAGREE		84	11
98.	NOT SURE		77	10
99.	REFUSED		5	
		TOTAL	800	
	AGREE		578	73%
	DISAGREE		140	18%
	NET AGREE		439	55%
	AGREE : DISAGREE		4.1:1	

QUESTION 13. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE THAT A PERSON WHO IS "TOUGH ON CRIME"

CAN SUPPORT COST-EFFECTIVE PROGRAMS FOR PEOPLE CONVICTED OF

MINOR NON-VIOLENT CRIMES, SUCH AS COMMUNITY SUPERVISION,

MANDATORY DRUG TESTING AND TREATMENT PROGRAMS THAT REDUCE THE

LIKELIHOOD THE OFFENDER WOULD COMMIT A NEW CRIME, AND ALSO SAVE

FLORIDA TAXPAYERS SIGNIFICANT DOLLARS?

			#	용
1.	STRONGLY AGREE		458	57
2.	SOMEWHAT AGREE		228	29
3.	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE		30	4
4.	STRONGLY DISAGREE		26	3
98.	NOT SURE		55	7
99.	REFUSED		3	
		TOTAL	800	
	AGREE		686	86%
	DISAGREE		56	7 %
	NET AGREE		629	79 %
	AGREE : DISAGREE	1	2.2:1	

QUESTION 14. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE THAT TOO MANY CHILDREN ARE BEING TRIED AS ADULTS IN FLORIDA AND PRISON IS A TRAINING GROUND FOR TURNING THESE CHILDREN INTO HARDENED CRIMINALS?

			#	용
1.	STRONGLY AGREE		243	31
2.	SOMEWHAT AGREE		151	19
3.	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE		127	16
4.	STRONGLY DISAGREE		144	18
98.	NOT SURE		131	17
99.	REFUSED		4	
		TOTAL	800	
	AGREE		394	49%
	DISAGREE		270	34%
	NET AGREE		124	16%
	AGREE : DISAGREE		1.5:1	

QUESTION 15. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE THAT PRISONS PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE
IN KEEPING DANGEROUS CRIMINALS AWAY FROM THE PUBLIC, BUT ALSO
HAVE THE UNINTENDED CONSEQUENCE OF HARDENING NON-VIOLENT LOW
LEVEL OFFENDERS, MAKING THEM A GREATER RISK TO PEOPLE WHEN
THEY GET OUT OF PRISON THAN THEY WERE WHEN THEY WENT TO PRISON?

	#	용
1. STRONGLY AGREE	325	41
2. SOMEWHAT AGREE	227	29
3. SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	79	10
4. STRONGLY DISAGREE	83	10
98. NOT SURE	77	10
99. REFUSED	10	
TOTAL	800	
AGREE	552	70%
DISAGREE	162	21%
NET AGREE	390	49 %
AGREE : DISAGREE	3.4:1	

QUESTION 16. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE THAT OFFENDERS UNDER THE AGE OF 18
WHO COMMIT NON-VIOLENT CRIMES SHOULD BE HANDLED BY THE JUVENILE
JUSTICE SYSTEM AND NOT BY THE ADULT JUSTICE SYSTEM.

			#	용
1.	STRONGLY AGREE		487	61
2.	SOMEWHAT AGREE		176	22
3.	SOMEWHAT DISAGREE		52	7
4.	STRONGLY DISAGREE		43	5
98.	NOT SURE		39	5
99.	REFUSED		3	
		TOTAL	800	
	AGREE		663	83%
	DISAGREE		96	12 %
	NET AGREE		567	71 %
	AGREE : DISAGREE		6.9:1	

QUESTION 17. I WOULD NOW LIKE TO READ YOU SOME INFORMATION ABOUT THE COST OF PLACING A YOUNG PERSON IN PRISON.

THE COST OF FEEDING AND HOUSING A YOUTH IN PRISON IS \$69,800 A YEAR WHILE THE COST OF HOUSING AND EDUCATING A STUDENT AT FLORIDA STATE UNIVERSITY IS \$19,400. DOES THIS INFORMATION MAKE YOU MORE OR LESS LIKELY TO SUPPORT ALTERNATIVES TO PRISON FOR YOUNG NON-VIOLENT OFFENDERS?

			#	용
1.	MUCH MORE		365	46
2.	SOMEWHAT MORE		175	22
3.	SOMEWHAT LESS		37	5
4.	MUCH LESS		53	7
5.	NO DIFFERENCE		101	13
98.	NOT SURE		66	8
99.	REFUSED		2	
		TOTAL	799	
	MORE		539	68%
	LESS		90	11%
	NET MORE		449	56%
	MORE : LESS		6.0:1	

QUESTION 18. ONE OF THE ALTERNATIVES TO PRISON FOR YOUNG OFFENDERS COMBINES PROVEN TREATMENT AND BEHAVIORAL THERAPIES WITH DIRECT FAMILY PARTICIPATION AND TRAINING AND COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT TO MAKE CHILDREN AND THEIR FAMILIES ACCOUNTABLE FOR THEIR BEHAVIOR. IT CAN REDUCE RE-ARREST RATES BY UP TO 70%, AT A COST OF ONLY 25% OF A CHILD IN JAIL. IS THIS A PROGRAM YOU BELIEVE WOULD HELP YOUNG OFFENDERS FROM BECOMING HARDENED CRIMINALS?

			#	용
1.	YES		646	81
2.	NO		78	10
98.	NOT SURE		70	9
99.	REFUSED		6	
		TOTAL	799	

QUESTION 19. I WOULD LIKE TO READ YOU SOME INFORMATION ABOUT A WORK RELEASE PROGRAM FOR PEOPLE CONVICTED OF LOW LEVEL NON-VIOLENT CRIMES INTENDED TO HELP REDUCE THE PRISON POPULATION. THE PERSON WOULD LIVE IN A SUPERVISED WORK RELEASE FACILITY AT A COST OF \$26 PER DAY INSTEAD OF \$52 IN PRISON. EARNINGS FROM THEIR JOBS WOULD BE USED TO PAY BACK VICTIMS AND FOR THE OFFENDER'S DE DEPENDENTS. WOULD YOU BE MORE OR LESS LIKELY TO SUPPORT SUCH A PROGRAM?

		#	용
MUCH MORE		519	65
SOMEWHAT MORE		183	23
SOMEWHAT LESS		16	2
MUCH LESS		30	4
NO DIFFERENCE		12	1
NOT SURE		35	4
REFUSED		6	
	TOTAL	799	
MORE		701	888
LESS		45	6%
NET MORE		656	83%
MORE : LESS		15.4:1	
	SOMEWHAT MORE SOMEWHAT LESS MUCH LESS NO DIFFERENCE NOT SURE REFUSED MORE LESS NET MORE	SOMEWHAT MORE SOMEWHAT LESS MUCH LESS NO DIFFERENCE NOT SURE REFUSED TOTAL MORE LESS NET MORE	MUCH MORE 519 SOMEWHAT MORE 183 SOMEWHAT LESS 16 MUCH LESS 30 NO DIFFERENCE 12 NOT SURE 35 REFUSED 6 TOTAL 799 MORE 701 LESS 45 NET MORE 656

QUESTION 20. SOME FACTS ABOUT THE PRISON SYSTEM AND ASK IF THE INFORMATION WOULD MAKE YOU MORE OR LESS LIKELY TO SUPPORT A WORK RELEASE PROGRAM:

IN 2010-2011, \$1.68 BILLION WAS SPENT ON PEOPLE CONVICTED OF NON-VIOLENT CRIMES WHO WERE IN THE FLORIDA PRISON SYSTEM.

			#	용
1.	MUCH MORE		338	42
2.	SOMEWHAT MORE		220	28
3.	SOMEWHAT LESS		34	4
4.	MUCH LESS		38	5
5.	NO DIFFERENCE		95	12
8.	NOT SURE		73	9
9.	REFUSED		1	
		TOTAL	799	
	MORE		558	70%
	LESS		72	9 %
	NET MORE		486	61%
	MORE : LESS		7.8:1	

QUESTION 21. NEARLY ONE-THIRD OF RELEASED PRISONERS RETURN TO PRISON AND TWO-THIRDS ARE RE-ARRESTED WITHIN THREE YEARS.

			#	용
1.	MUCH MORE		213	27
2.	SOMEWHAT MORE		172	22
3.	SOMEWHAT LESS		103	13
4.	MUCH LESS		115	14
5.	NO DIFFERENCE		96	12
98.	NOT SURE		99	12
99.	REFUSED		2	
		TOTAL	800	
	MORE		385	48 %
	LESS		218	27 %
	NET MORE		167	21%
	MORE : LESS		1.8:1	

QUESTION 22. NEARLY HALF OF ALL PEOPLE ADMITTED TO PRISON WILL SERVE TWO YEARS OR LESS AND 83% OF ALL ADMISSIONS ARE FOR NON-VIOLENT OFFENSES.

			#	용
1.	MUCH MORE		261	33
2.	SOMEWHAT MORE		249	31
3.	SOMEWHAT LESS		49	6
4.	MUCH LESS		55	7
5.	NO DIFFERENCE		103	13
98.	NOT SURE		77	10
99.	REFUSED		4	
		TOTAL	800	
	MORE		511	64%
	LESS		105	13%
	NET MORE		406	51%
	MORE : LESS		4.9:1	

QUESTION 23. NOW THAT YOU'VE HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO THINK MORE ABOUT THE FLORIDA CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM, WOULD YOU SUPPORT MAJOR CHANGES IN THE SYSTEM THAT COULD SEND FEWER NON-VIOLENT OFFENDERS INTO PRISON AND INSTEAD LOOK TO CHEAPER, MORE EFFECTIVE FORMS OF PUNISHMENT THAT WOULD ENSURE FLORIDA TAXPAYERS WOULD SAVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS?

				#	용
1.	STRONGLY	SUPPORT		477	60
2.	SOMEWHAT	SUPPORT		192	24
3.	SOMEWHAT	OPPOSE		30	4
4.	STRONGLY	OPPOSE		46	6
98.	NOT SURE			51	6
99.	REFUSED			5	
			TOTAL	800	
	SUPPORT			669	84%
	OPPOSE			76	10%
	NET SUPPO	ORT		593	75%
	SUPPORT	: OPPOSE		8.8:1	

QUESTION 24. ARE YOU MORE LIKELY TO VOTE FOR A STATE LEGISLATOR WHO BELIEVES
THAT EVERY PERSON CONVICTED OF A CRIME, WHETHER IT IS A
NON-VIOLENT OR A VIOLENT CRIME SHOULD SERVE TIME IN PRISON, OR
A LEGISLATOR WHO BELIEVES THAT PEOPLE CONVICTED OF MINOR
NON-VIOLENT CRIMES SHOULD BE PUT INTO PROGRAMS LIKES SUPERVISED
WORK RELEASE THAT ALLOW THEM TO WORK AND REPAY THEIR VICTIMS AND
SAVE TAXPAYERS FROM FOOTING THE BILL FOR THEIR STAY IN PRISON?

		#	용
1.	SHOULD SERVE TIME	90	11
2.	SUPPORT WORK RELEASE	644	81
98.	NOT SURE	59	7
99.	REFUSED	6	

QUESTION 25. A STATEMENT THAT TWO POLITICAL CANDIDATES MADE ON THE ISSUE OF CRIME. PLEASE TELL ME WHICH DO YOU MOST AGREE WITH:
CANDIDATE A: SAYS IT IS TIME FOR A BALANCED, SMART APPROACH ON CRIME THAT IS FOCUSED ON PREVENTION....
CANDIDATE B: SAYS THAT THE BEST WAY TO FIGHT CRIME IS TO MAKE SURE THAT CRIMINALS FACE PUNISHMENT THAT IS SWIFT AND CERTAIN....

				#	용
1.	STRONGLY CANDIDATE	Α		353	45
2.	SOMEWHAT CANDIDATE	Α		157	20
3.	SOMEWHAT CANDIDATE	В		98	12
4.	STRONGLY CANDIDATE	В		108	14
98.	NOT SURE			74	9
99.	REFUSED			9	
			TOTAL	800	
	CANDIDATE A			511	65%
	CANDIDATE B			206	26%
	NET A			304	38%
	A : B			2.5:1	

QUESTION 26. ARE YOU OR ANY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY ACTIVE IN THE TEA PARTY MOVEMENT?

			#	용
1.	YES		87	11
2.	NO		701	88
98.	NOT SURE		5	1
99.	REFUSED		7	
		TOTAL	800	

QUESTION 27. WHEN YOU THINK ABOUT YOUR POLITICAL BELIEFS, DO YOU THINK OF YOURSELF AS:

			#	용
1.	VERY LIBERAL		16	2
2.	SOMEWHAT LIBERAL		52	7
3.	SOMEWHAT CONSERVATIVE		302	38
4.	VERY CONSERVATIVE		358	45
5.	MODERATE		39	5
98.	NOT SURE		22	3
99.	REFUSED		10	
		TOTAL	800	
	CONSERVATIVE		660	84 %
	LIBERAL		68	9 %
	NET CONSERVATIVE		592	75%
	CONS : LIB		9.7:1	

QUESTION 28. THINKING ABOUT THE INTERNET, ARE YOU ON FACEBOOK, MYSPACE, TWITTER OR SOME SOCIAL NETWORKING INTERNET SITE?

		#	용
1.	YES	333	42
2.	NO	453	57
98.	NOT SURE	5	1
99.	REFUSED	8	

TOTAL 800

QUESTION 29. DO YOU OR ANY MEMBER OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD OWN A GUN OF ANY TYPE?

		#	용
1.	YES	399	52
2.	NO	358	47
98.	NOT SURE	8	1
99.	REFUSED	34	

TOTAL 800

QUESTION 30. HOW OFTEN DO YOU ATTEND RELIGIOUS OR REGULAR CHURCH SERVICES:

		#	용
1.	MORE THAN ONCE A WEEK	132	17
2.	WEEKLY	306	39
3.	SEVERAL TIMES A MONTH	47	6
4.	ONCE A MONTH	47	6
5.	COUPLE OF TIMES A YEAR	151	19
6.	NEVER	100	13
98.	NOT SURE	4	0
99.	REFUSED	13	

TOTAL 800

QUESTION 31. AGE

		#	용
1.	18-34	56	7
2.	35-44	80	10
3.	45-54	176	22
4.	55-64	160	20
5.	65+	328	41

TOTAL 800

QUESTION 32. GENDER

		#	용
1.	MALE	390	49
2.	FEMALE	410	51

QUESTION 33. COUNTY

		#	용
1.	ALACHUA	11	1
2.	BAKER	2	0
	BAY	20	3
4.	BRADFORD	3	0
5.	BREVARD	39	5
	BROWARD	28	4
	CALHOUN	1	0
8.	CHARLOTTE	10	1
	CITRUS	11	1
9. 10.	CLAY	20	3
11.			2
12.	COLLIER	18 3	
	COLUMBIA	1	0
13. 15.	DESOTO		0
	DUVAL	34	4
16.	ESCAMBIA	24	3
17.	FLAGLER	5	1
20.	GILCHRIST	1	0
25.	HENDRY	1	0
26.	HERNANDO	7	1
27.	HIGHLANDS	6	1
28.	HILLSBOROUGH	42	5
29.	HOLMES	2	0
30.	INDIAN RIVER	11	1
31.	JACKSON	1	0
32.	JEFFERSON	1	0
34.	LAKE	27	3
35.	LEE	35	4
36.	LEON	13	2
37.	LEVY	2	0
39.	MADISON	1	0
	MANATEE	14	2
41.	MARION	24	3
42.	MARTIN	13	2
43.	MIAMI-DADE	28	4
44.	MONROE	9	1
45.	NASSAU	9	1
46.	OKALOOSA	24	3
47.	OKEECHOBEE	2	0
48.	ORANGE	43	5
49.	OSCEOLA	5	1
50.	PALM BEACH	36	5
51.	PASCO	24	3
52.	PINELLAS	51	6
53.	POLK	23	3
54.	PUTNAM	4	1
5 4 .	SANTA ROSA	15	2
56.	SARASOTA	26	3
57.		16	
	SEMINLOE		2
58.	SAINT JOHNS	17	2
59.	SAINT LUCIE	6	1
60.	SUMTER	7	1
62.	TAYLOR	2	0
64.	VOLUSIA	17	2
65.	WAKULLA	1	0
66.	WALTON	1	0
67.	WASHINGTON	3	0

QUESTION 34. VOTING HISTORY

		#	8
1.	ONE OF TWO	249	31
2.	TWO OF TWO	551	69

TOTAL 800

QUESTION 35. MEDIA MARKETS

		#	용
1.	MIAMI-FT LAUDERDALE	63	8
2.	WEST PALM BEACH/FT PIERCE	62	8
3.	TAMPA/ST PETE/SARASOTA	203	25
4.	GAINSVILLE	14	2
5.	FT MYERS/NAPLES	67	8
6.	ORLANDO/DAYTONA/MELBOURNE	191	24
7.	JACKSONVILLE	92	12
8.	TALLAHASSEE	18	2
9.	PENSACOLA/MOBILE	64	8
10.	PANAMA CITY	26	3

About the Center for Smart Justice

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What is the Center for Smart Justice?

The Florida TaxWatch Center for Smart Justice is a statewide research organization led by a distinguished board of civic and business leaders from across Florida. The Center for Smart Justice was formed in 2010 to ensure statewide justice reform that will enhance public safety through proven, cost-effective measures. Under the auspices of Florida TaxWatch, with more than three decades of improving taxpayer value, citizen understanding, and government accountability, the Center for Smart Justice is a targeted effort to address the unacceptable societal and economic outcomes of state and local public expenditures in criminal justice.

The Florida TaxWatch Center for Smart Justice will drive decision making in the public interest through concrete evidence found in data and research to heighten Smart Justice in Florida.

Center for Smart Justice Mission

Florida TaxWatch Center for Smart Justice is actively coordinating a statewide effort with key state and national partner organizations to bring smart, reasonable, and commonsense justice reform to Florida that will enhance public safety through proven, cost-effective measures that ensure offender accountability.



About Florida TaxWatch

Florida TaxWatch is a statewide, non-profit, non-partisan taxpayer research institute and government watchdog that over its 32-year history has become widely recognized as the watchdog of citizens' hard-earned tax dollars. Its mission is to provide the citizens of Florida and public officials with high quality, independent research and education on government revenues, expenditures, taxation, public policies, and programs, and to increase the productivity and accountability of Florida Government.

Florida TaxWatch's research recommends productivity enhancements and explains the statewide impact of economic and tax and spend policies and practices on citizens and businesses. Florida TaxWatch has worked diligently and effectively to help state government shape responsible fiscal and public policy that adds value and benefit to taxpayers.

This diligence has yielded impressive results: in its first two decades alone, policymakers and government employees implemented three-fourths of Florida TaxWatch's cost-saving recommendations, saving the taxpayers of Florida more than \$6.2 billion -- approximately \$1,067 in added value for every Florida family, according to an independent assessment by Florida State University.

Florida TaxWatch has a historical understanding of state government, public policy issues, and the battles fought in the past necessary to structure effective solutions for today and the future. It is the only statewide organization devoted entirely to Florida taxing and spending issues. Its research and recommendations are reported on regularly by the statewide news media.

Supported by voluntary, tax-deductible memberships and grants, Florida TaxWatch is open to any organization or individual interested in helping to make Florida competitive, healthy and economically prosperous by supporting a credible research effort that promotes constructive taxpayer improvements. Members, through their loyal support, help Florida TaxWatch bring about a more effective, responsive government that is accountable to the citizens it serves.

Florida TaxWatch is supported by all types of taxpayers -- homeowners, small businesses, large corporations, philanthropic foundations, professionals, associations, labor organizations, retirees -- simply stated, the taxpayers of Florida. The officers, Board of Trustees and members of Florida TaxWatch are respected leaders and citizens from across Florida, committed to improving the health and prosperity of Florida.

With your help, Florida TaxWatch will continue its diligence to make certain your tax investments are fair and beneficial to you, the taxpaying customer, who supports Florida's government. Florida TaxWatch is ever present to ensure that taxes are equitable, not excessive, that their public benefits and costs are weighed, and government agencies are more responsive and productive in the use of your hard-earned tax dollars.

The Florida TaxWatch Board of Trustees is responsible for the general direction and oversight of the research institute and safeguarding the independence of the organization's work. In his capacity as chief executive officer, the president is responsible for formulating and coordinating policies, projects, publications, and selecting professional staff. As an independent research institute and taxpayer watchdog, Florida TaxWatch does not accept money from Florida state and local governments. The research findings and recommendations of Florida TaxWatch do not necessarily reflect the view of its members, staff, distinguished Board of Trustees, or Executive Committee, and are not influenced by the positions of the individuals or organizations who directly or indirectly support the research.

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